May 20th, 12:30 PM

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David Koch
University of Massachusetts Medical School

Zeynep Mirza
University of Massachusetts Medical School

Yan Hu
University of Massachusetts Medical School

See next page for additional authors

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Koch, David; Mirza, Zeynep; Hu, Yan; Nguyen, Thanh-thanh; Ostroff, Gary R.; and Aroian, Raffi V., "Crystal protein Cry5B as a novel and powerful anthelmintic" (2016). UMass Center for Clinical and Translational Science Research Retreat. 37.

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Presenter Information
David Koch, Zeynep Mirza, Yan Hu, Thanh-thanh Nguyen, Gary R. Ostroff, and Raffi V. Aroian

Keywords
soil-transmitted helminths, nematodes, crystal proteins, de-worming drugs

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Crystal protein Cry5B as a novel and powerful anthelmintic

David Koch, BS, Zeynep Mirza, MS, Yan Hu, PhD, Thanh-than Nguyen, BS, Gary Ostroff, PhD and Raffi V. Aroian, PhD

Program in molecular medicine, University of Massachusetts Medical School, Worcester, MA 01605-2377

Soil-transmitted helminths (STHs), most notably, hookworms, whipworms, and Ascaris, are nematodes that infect more than 1.5 billion of the poorest people and are amongst the leading causes of morbidity worldwide. Only two classes of de-worming drugs (anthelmintics) are available for treatment, and only one is commonly used in mass drug administrations. New anthelmintics are urgently needed to overcome emerging resistance and to produce higher cure rates. Crystal (Cry) proteins, in particular Cry5B, made by Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) are promising new candidates. Cry5B has excellent anthelmintic properties against many free-living and parasitic nematodes, including in vivo efficacy against multiple STH infections in rodents (Heligomasmides polygyrus and Ancylostoma ceylanicum) and in pigs (Ascaris suum).

An enormous challenge for STHs, very different from most diseases worked on in the developing world, is the requirement that therapies be very cheap (the people infected are very poor and current drugs costs pennies a dose), massively scalable (over 4 billion people are at risk from infection), and have a long shelf life in harsh environments, that have high temperature and humidity and no cold chain.

We will update our progress in several key areas. We will present new data on the in vivo activity of Cry5B against a major human parasite in humans. We will also present data on the whether or not the immune system is required for Cry5B action in vivo. We will also present on our development efforts to produce a deployable version of Cry5B that is cheap, safe, scalable, and stable. These efforts are currently focused on bacterial engineering, expression, and formulation.

Yan Hu, PhD

Research Assistant Professor
Program in Molecular Medicine
University of Massachusetts Medical School
Biotech Two, Suite 219
373 Plantation Street
Worcester, MA 01605-2377
Office: (508)856-8129
Email: yan.hu@umassmed.edu
http://www.worms.se