Examining Movement Function in Patients with Knee Osteoarthritis

Katherine A. Boyer

University of Massachusetts Amherst

Let us know how access to this document benefits you.

Follow this and additional works at: https://escholarship.umassmed.edu/cts_retreat

Part of the Biomechanics Commons, Kinesiotherapy Commons, Musculoskeletal Diseases Commons, and the Orthopedics Commons

Repository Citation


Creative Commons License

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-Share Alike 3.0 License. This material is brought to you by eScholarship@UMassChan. It has been accepted for inclusion in UMass Center for Clinical and Translational Science Research Retreat by an authorized administrator of eScholarship@UMassChan. For more information, please contact Lisa.Palmer@umassmed.edu.
Biomechanical Gait Analysis for Improving Clinical Outcomes: Applications for Orthopedics, Geriatrics and Community Based Research

UMCCTS Research Retreat
Mini Symposium

Katherine Boyer, PhD
Assistant Professor
Department of Kinesiology
Memorial gait analysis clinic

- Partnership between UMMS Orthopedics and UMass-Amherst Kinesiology

- Memorial gait analysis clinic- 1st floor North wing Memorial
Memorial gait analysis clinic

- The goal of this new facility
  - is to foster and support across campus collaborations
  - to incorporate biomechanical testing and monitoring of joint mechanics into the standard clinical care
  - development of new monitoring devices as part of the UMass-Amherst Center for Personal Health Monitoring in the Institute of Applied Life Sciences.
Mini symposium

1. **PROs in TJR Clinics - Surrogate for Measures of Activity?** Dr. Franklin
2. **Measures of Activity/Mobility in TJR Practice - Where Are We Now?** Dr. Ayers
3. **Examining Movement Function in Patients with Knee Osteoarthritis.** Prof. Boyer
4. **Increasing Physical Activity Amounts and Intensity in Older Adults Using Low Cost Wearable Devices - "Cadence Training".** Prof. Tudor-Locke
Examining Movement Function in Patients with Knee Osteoarthritis

Katherine A. Boyer

2016
Disclosure Slide

- I have no actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to this program/presentation.
Patient reported outcomes

Key constructs
• Mobility
• Physical Function
• Pain and Stiffness

Methods
• Short Form 12 or 36
• Knee or Hip OA Outcomes Scores (KOOS, HOOS)
• Visual Analog Pain Scales

Patient perception of abilities and disease severity
Gait mechanics

Force and motion at joint surface

Tissue/Cell mechanobiology

Joint mechanics

Human Movement

Tissue level strains and morphology

Adapted from Andriacchi et al., 2004

Pain severity

Physical activity pattern

Physical function
What is gait analysis
What is gait analysis?

- Force platform
- High speed
- Infrared camera
Gait outcomes in walking - Knee

Vert. Ground Rxn force

% BW

Knee Flexion moment

[ % BW * Ht ]

Knee Flexion Angle [deg]

HS

Knee Adduction moment

[ % BW* Ht ]

Load distribution
Gait mechanics

Force and motion at joint surface

Tissue/Cell mechanobiology

Joint mechanics

Human Movement

Tissue level strains and morphology

Adapted from Andriacchi et al., 2004

Pain severity

Physical activity pattern

Physical function
Gait and Cartilage morphology

Knee angle at heel-strike $\rightarrow$ Location of thickest cartilage

(Koo et al., 2011, Scanlan et al., 2013)
Gait and cartilage morphology

Medial/Lateral Thickness vs. Adduction Moment

Andriacchi et al, Annals of Biomedical Engineering, 2004
Gait mechanics

- Force and motion at joint surface
- Tissue/Cell mechanobiology
- Joint mechanics
- Tissue level strains and morphology
- Human Movement

Adapted from Andriacchi et al., 2004

Physical function

Pain severity

Physical activity pattern
Gait and OA exercise induced pain

- Exercise recommended for OA management
  McAlindon et al. 2014 OARSI guidelines *Osteoarthritis Cartilage*

- Acute exercise exacerbates pain in OA on a short term basis Fotch et al., 2002, Sandal et al., 2015.

- Are there gait characteristics that contribute to greater pain flares with weight bearing exercise?
Gait and exercise induced pain

- Participants
  - 15 healthy older adults (50 – 75 years)
  - 15 symptomatic knee OA

- Exercise protocol for flare

  - 20 min treadmill walk
  - 40 min seated rest
  - 20 min “fitness pace” treadmill walk

- Pain reported - Verbal numeric rating scale
Gait and exercise induced pain

- 8 OA participants – clinically significant pain increase ≥ 2pts
- 7 OA participants – non-responders to exercise flare

Boyer et al., in prep
Gait and exercise induced pain

Magnitude of load on the knee joint in walking influences the pain flare.

Boyer et al., in prep
Gait mechanics

Force and motion at joint surface

Tissue/Cell mechanobiology

Joint mechanics

Tissue level strains and morphology

Human Movement

Pain severity

Physical activity pattern

Physical function

Adapted from Andriacchi et al., 2004
Acknowledgments

- UMass- Amherst Faculty Research Grant