Affordable Care Act & Consumer Health Information: MedlinePlus

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Affordable Care Act & Consumer Health Information: MedlinePlus

Catherine Carr
Lamar Soutter Library
UMass Medical School
November 5, 2013
Affordable Care Act: The Basics
Video: Obamacare vs. Affordable Care Act
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sx2scvlFGjE
Enrollment
The Health Insurance Marketplace is Open!

Find new health care options that meet your needs and fit your budget. Apply for coverage that can begin as soon as January 1.

APPLY ONLINE  APPLY BY PHONE

SEE PLANS AND PRICES IN YOUR AREA  SEE PLANS NOW

Get covered: A one-page guide  Find out if you qualify for lower costs  See 4 ways you can apply for coverage  Get in-person help in your community

Health Insurance Marketplace  159 DAYS LEFT TO ENROLL  OCT 1 Open Enrollment Began  JAN 1 Coverage Can Begin  MAR 31 Open Enrollment Closes
Massachusetts Health Connector

https://www.mahealthconnector.org/
Apply for health insurance that starts on January 1, 2014.

Learn more about new health plans and new ways to help pay for health insurance available as part of National Health Care Reform.

Buy a health plan that starts on November 1 or December 1, 2013.

Make payments or manage your current Commonwealth Choice or Commonwealth Care account.

Manage your current Business Express account.

Apply for immediate coverage under MassHealth, Commonwealth Care, Children's Medical Security Plan (CMSP), Healthy Start, or the Health Safety Net.

If you are over age 65, please complete a paper application.

If you recently received a pink letter from MassHealth or would like to manage your current MassHealth account.

or call 1-800-841-2900

I'm not sure. Help me choose.
You are not alone

- Navigators
- Certified Application Counselors
- Assisters
- Agents and Brokers
- Champions for Coverage
If you’re a professional learning about the Marketplace and helping people apply, get the latest resources here.

If you’re a consumer ready to learn about and buy health insurance through the Marketplace, visit HealthCare.gov, the official consumer site for the Marketplace.

Looking for consumer information?
Visit HealthCare.gov, the official consumer site for the Marketplace.

Have questions?
Find the right answers to your questions about the Marketplace.

The Role of The Library
Affordable Care Act

Open enrollment in the Health Insurance Marketplace under the Affordable Care Act (ACA) begins on October 1st, 2013 and runs till March 31st, 2014. Information on obtaining health insurance through ACA is available at these websites:

- Massachusetts Health Connector
- Health Insurance Marketplace
- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
- In-person Assistance: Navigator Organizations

For information about the reforms taking effect, the following websites have comprehensive information pages:

- About the Law – U.S. Department of Health & Human Services
- Affordable Care Act – Medicaid.gov
- Affordable Care Act – United States Department of Labor
- Affordable Care Act Tax Provisions – Internal Revenue Service
- Health Care Law Fact Sheets – AARP
- VA, Affordable Care Act and You- U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

The National Network of Libraries of Medicine maintains a list of links to organizations that have good information resources about ACA:

Affordable Care Act (ACA) Resources
You Are Not Alone!

- Libraries
- Trade Unions
- Community-Based Organizations
- Faith-Based Organizations
- Community Clinics
- 24-Hour Call Centers

HealthCare.gov

www.WebJunction.org
A few questions and where to go to have them answered...
Q: What is the best way to have my questions about the Health Insurance Marketplace answered?

The Health Insurance Marketplace is Open!

Find new health care options that meet your needs and fit your budget. Apply for coverage that can begin as soon as January 1.

APPLY ONLINE  APPLY BY PHONE

SEE PLANS AND PRICES IN YOUR AREA  SEE PLANS NOW

Get covered: A one-page guide  Find out if you qualify for lower costs  See 4 ways you can apply for coverage  Get in-person help in your community
What would you like to do today?

**Apply for health insurance** that starts on January 1, 2014.

**Learn more** about new health plans and new ways to help pay for health insurance available as part of National Health Care Reform.

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**Buy a health plan** that starts on November 1 or December 1, 2013.

**Make payments or manage your current** Commonwealth Choice or Commonwealth Care account.

**Manage your current** Business Express account.

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If you are over age 65, please complete a paper application.

[Click Here]

If you recently received a **pink letter** from MassHealth or would like to manage your current MassHealth account.

[Click Here]

or call 1-800-841-2900

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**I'm not sure. Help me choose.**
Q: When are the Open Enrollment Periods?
A: 

Glossary

Open Enrollment Period

The period of time during which individuals who are eligible to enroll in a Qualified Health Plan can enroll in a plan in the Marketplace. For 2014, the Open Enrollment Period is October 1, 2013–March 31, 2014. For 2015 and later years, the Open Enrollment Period is October 15 to December 7 of the previous year. Individuals may also qualify for Special Enrollment Periods outside of Open Enrollment if they experience certain events. (See Special Enrollment Period and Qualifying Life Event)

You can submit an application for health coverage outside of the Marketplace, or apply for Medicaid or CHIP, at any time of the year.
Q: Where can I go to see the Application Form?

A: Health Insurance Marketplace

Marketplace Application Checklist

When you apply for coverage in the Health Insurance Marketplace, you'll need to provide some information about you and your household, including income, any insurance you currently have, and some additional items.

Use the checklist below to help you gather what you need to apply for coverage. Open enrollment starts October 1, 2013 for coverage starting as early as January 1, 2014. Open enrollment ends March 31, 2014.

- Social Security Numbers (or document numbers for legal immigrants)
- Employer and income information for every member of your household who needs coverage (for example, from pay stubs or W-2 forms—Wage and Tax Statements)
- Policy numbers for any current health insurance plans covering members of your household
- A completed Employer Coverage Tool (see page 2 of this checklist) for every job-based plan you or someone in your household is eligible for. (You'll need to fill out this form even for coverage you're eligible for but don't enroll in.)

Stay up-to-date about the Marketplace. Visit HealthCare.gov/subscribe to get email or text updates that will help you get ready to apply.

MedlinePlus & Information Related to ACA

- Health Insurance
- Financial Assistance
- Managed Care
- Medicare
- Medicaid
Where do you get your health information?
How do you know if online health information is reliable and accurate?

Look for:

- Authority
- Accuracy
- Bias
- Coverage
- Currency
- And, user friendliness
MedlinePlus.gov

- Reliable, authoritative
- Consumer-friendly
- No ads
- Updated daily
- Strict quality guidelines
- English and Spanish
- Links to information in >40 languages
- Multimedia, news, images, encyclopedia, tutorials and more...
Many factors affect your health. Some you cannot control, such as your genetic makeup or your age. But you can make changes to your lifestyle. By taking steps toward healthy living, you can help reduce your risk of heart disease, cancer, stroke, and other serious diseases. For example,

- See your doctor for regular screenings, not just when you are sick
- Maintain a healthy weight
- Eat a variety of healthy foods, and limit calories and saturated fat
- Be physically active
- Control your blood pressure and cholesterol
- Quit smoking
- Protect yourself from too much sun

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Results 1 - 10 of 7,012 for healthy living

1. **Healthy Living** (National Library of Medicine)
   
   "...changes to your lifestyle. By taking steps toward healthy living, you can help reduce your risk of heart..."

   www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/healthyliving.html - Health Topics

2. **Exercising for a Healthy Life** Interactive Tutorial (Patient Education Institute)
   
   X-Plain Exercising For a Healthy Life Reference Summary Introduction By exercising and becoming more active, you can improve your health. People who are not physically active are

Many factors affect your health. Some you cannot control, such as your genetic makeup or your age. But you can make changes to your lifestyle. By taking steps toward healthy living, you can help reduce your risk of heart disease, cancer, stroke and other serious diseases. For example,

- See your doctor for [regular screenings](#), not just when you are sick
- Maintain a healthy weight
- Eat a variety of healthy foods, and limit calories and saturated fat
- Be physically active
- Control your blood pressure and cholesterol
- Quit smoking
Vivir saludablemente
Otros nombres: Prevenir enfermedades

Muchos factores afectan su salud. Algunos no se pueden controlar, como la constitución genética o la edad. Pero usted puede modificar su estilo de vida. Al iniciar acciones hacia una vida saludable, usted ayuda a reducir su riesgo de enfermedad cardíaca, cáncer, derrame cerebral y otras enfermedades serias. Por ejemplo:

- Consulte a un médico para realizarse chequeos periódicos, no solamente cuando se enferme
- Mantenga un peso saludable
- Consuma alimentos sanos y variados y limite las calorías y las grasas saturadas
- Haga actividades físicas
- Controle su presión arterial y el colesterol
- Deje de fumar
- Protejase del exceso de sol

Agencia Para la Calidad e Investigación y Cuidado de la Salud

Reciba actualizaciones sobre Vivir saludablemente por email
Ingresar su email ENViar ¿Qué es esto?
Breast Cancer

Breast cancer affects one in eight women during their lives. Breast cancer kills more women in the United States than any cancer except lung cancer. No one knows why some women get breast cancer, but there are a number of risk factors. Risks that you cannot change include:

- **Age**: The chance of getting breast cancer rises as a woman gets older.
- **Genes**: There are two genes, BRCA1 and BRCA2, that greatly increase the risk. Women who have family members with breast or ovarian cancer may wish to be tested.
- **Personal factors**: Beginning periods before age 12 or going through menopause after age 55.

Other risks include being overweight, using hormone replacement therapy (also called menopausal hormone therapy), taking birth control pills, drinking alcohol, not having children, or having your first child after age 35, or having dense breasts.

Symptoms of breast cancer may include a lump in the breast, a change in size or shape of the breast or discharge from a nipple. Breast self-exam and mammography can help find breast cancer early when it is most treatable. Treatment may consist of radiation, lumpectomy, mastectomy, chemotherapy and hormone therapy.

**Men** can have breast cancer, too, but the number of cases is small.

*NICH: National Cancer Institute*

Get Breast Cancer updates by email

**Enter email address**

**Related Topics**
- Breast Diseases
- Breast Reconstruction
- Male Breast Cancer
MedlinePlus Health Topics

Basics
- Overviews
- Latest News
- Diagnosis/Symptoms
- Treatment
- Prevention/Screening

Learn More
- Alternative Therapy
- Nutrition
- Coping
- Disease Management
- Specific Conditions
- Related Issues

Multimedia & Cool Tools
- Health Check Tools
- Tutorials
- Videos

Research
- Anatomy/Physiology
- Financial Issues
- Clinical Trials
- Genetics
- Research
- Journal Articles

Reference Shelf
- Dictionaries/Glossaries
- Directories
- Organizations
- Law and Policy
- Statistics

For You
- MedlinePlus Magazine
  - Children
  - Teenagers
  - Men
  - Seniors
  - Pets

Languages
- Arabic (النّحري)
- Bosnian (Bosanski)
- Chinese - Simplified (简体中文)
- Chinese - Traditional (繁體中文)
- French (français)
- Hindi (हिंदी)
- Japanese (日本語)
- Korean (한국어)
- Portuguese (português)
- Russian (Русский)
- Somali (soomaaliga)
- Spanish (español)
- Tagalog (Tagalog)
- Vietnamese (Tiếng Việt)
Health Information in Multiple Languages

Use these links to find health information in languages other than English. See our quality guidelines for how we select the links on these pages.

Browse information in multiple languages by health topic:

- Amharic ( amatinya)
- Arabic (العربية)
- Armenian ( Հայերեն)
- ASL (American Sign Language)
- Bangali (Bangla)
- Bosnian (Bosanski)
- Burmese (myanmasa)
- Chamorro (chamorou)
- Chinese - Simplified (简体中文)
- Chinese - Traditional (繁體中文)
- Chuukese (Trukese)
- Croatian (Hrvatski)
- Farsi (فارسی)
- French (français)
- German (Deutsch)
- Gujarathi (ગુજરાતી)
- Haitian Creole (Kreyol)
- Hindi (हिंदी)
- Hmong (Hmoob)
- Ilocano (ilokano)

Do you know where Tagalog is spoken?
Click the globe to learn about some of the world's languages.
Example: Multilingual Health Information
Good Mental Health is Ageless
Vietnamese, SAMSHA
Recognizing teen depression

About 1 in 5 teenagers have depression at some point. Your teen may be depressed if they are feeling sad, blue, unhappy, or down in the dumps. Depression is a serious problem, even more if these feelings have taken over their life.

Be Aware of the Risk for Teen Depression

Your teen is more at risk for depression if:

- Mood disorders run in your family
- They experience a stressful life event like a death in the family, divorcing parents, bullying, a break up with a boyfriend or girlfriend, or failing in school
- They have low self-esteem and are very critical of themselves
- Your teen is a girl. Teen girls are twice as likely as boys to have depression.
- Your teen has trouble being social
- Your teen has learning disabilities
- Your teen has a chronic illness
- There are family problems or problems with their parents

Know the Symptoms of Depression

If your teen is depressed, you may see some of the following common symptoms of depression. If these symptoms last for 2 weeks or longer, talk to your teen's doctor.

- Frequent irritability with sudden bursts of anger
- More sensitive to criticism
- Complaints of headaches, stomachaches or other body problems. Your teen may go to the nurse's office at school a lot.
- Withdrawal from people like parents or some friends
- Not enjoying activities they usually like
- Feeling tired for much of the day
- Sad or blue feelings most of the time

Notice changes in your teen's daily routines that can be a sign of depression. Your teen's daily routines can change when they are depressed. You may notice that your teen has:

- Trouble sleeping or is sleeping more than normal
- A change in eating habits, such as not being hungry or eating more than usual
- A hard time concentrating
- Problems making decisions

Notice changes in your teen's behavior that could be a sign of depression. They could be having problems at home or school.

- Drop in school grades, attendance, not doing homework
- High-risk behaviors, such as reckless driving, unsafe sex, or shoplifting
- Pulling away from family and friends and spends more time alone
- Drinking or using drugs
Asthma is a disease in which inflammation of the airways causes airflow into and out of the lungs to be restricted. When an asthma attack occurs, mucus production is increased, muscles of the bronchioles develop spasticity, and the bronchioles become inflamed and edematous, leading to bronchoconstriction.
How to use a nebulizer

A nebulizer turns your asthma medicine into a mist. It is easy and pleasant to breathe the medicine into your lungs this way. If you use a nebulizer, your asthma medicines will come in liquid form.

With a nebulizer, medicine goes into your lungs when you take slow, deep breaths for 10 to 15 minutes.

Many patients with asthma do not need to use a nebulizer. Another way to get your medicine is with an inhaler. Inhalers work just as well, and they are easier to use.

Most nebulizers are small, so they are easy to carry with you. Most nebulizers use air compressors. A different kind uses sound vibrations. These are called "ultrasonic nebulizers." They are quieter, but they cost more money.

It takes some time to keep your nebulizer clean and working properly.

These are the basic steps to set up and use your nebulizer:

1. Connect the hose to an air compressor.
2. Fill the medicine cup with your prescription.
3. Attach the hose and mouthpiece to the medicine cup.
4. Place the mouthpiece in your mouth. Breathe through your mouth until all the medicine is used. (Most times, this takes 10 to 15 minutes). Some people use a nose clip to help them breathe only through their mouth. Small children usually do better if they wear a mask.
5. Wash the medicine cup and mouthpiece with water, and air dry until your next treatment.
**Drugs, Herbs and Supplements**

**Drugs**
Learn about your prescription drugs and over-the-counter medicines. Includes side effects, dosage, special precautions, and more.

**Browse by generic or brand name**

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z 0 9

For FDA approved labels included in drug packages, see DailyMed.

**Herbs and Supplements**
Browse dietary supplements and herbal remedies to learn about their effectiveness, usual dosage, and drug interactions.

**All herbs and supplements**

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Information on herbs and supplements is from Natural Medicines Comprehensive Database Consumer Version. Copyright ©1995 – 2010. Therapeutic Research Faculty, publishers of Natural Medicines Comprehensive Database, Prescriber's Letter, Pharmacist's Letter. All rights reserved.
Medicinas, hierbas y suplementos

Medicinas
Aprenda sobre sus medicamentos de receta y de venta libre. Incluyendo efectos secundarios, dosis, precauciones especiales y mucho más.

Busque por marca o nombre genérico

Hierbas y suplementos
Hojear información sobre suplementos dietarios y hierbas para aprender sobre su efectividad, dosis e interacciones con otras medicinas.

Todas las hierbas y suplementos

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Fish oil

What is it?
Fish oils can be obtained from eating fish or by taking supplements. Fish that are especially rich in the beneficial oils known as omega-3 fatty acids include mackerel, tuna, salmon, sturgeon, mullet, bluefish, anchovy, sardines, herring, trout, and menhaden. They provide about 1 gram of omega-3 fatty acids in about 3.5 ounces of fish.
Videos & Cool Tools

Learn by watching health videos on topics such as human anatomy, surgical procedures and health news. Test your knowledge with the interactive tutorials and games. Check your health by using the calculators and quizzes.

Winter Sports Safety

View latest news

Search all Videos & Tutorials

Calculators & Quizzes

Calculate Your Radiation Dose
ChooseMyPlate.gov
Exercise Counts: How Many Calories Will Your Activity Burn?
Folic Acid Quiz
Glaucoma: How Much Do You Know?
National Drug IQ Challenge
Preconception Health Quiz
SuperTracker: My Foods, My Fitness, My Health

Understanding Medical Words

Evaluating Health Information
Director's Comments Podcast
NIHSeniorHealth Videos
Assess your risk for health conditions.
Learn more about your health.

Calculators & Quizzes
- Alcohol Calorie Calculator
- Build Your Question List
- Calculate Your Body Mass Index
- Colorectal Cancer Risk Assessment Tool
- Diabetes PHD (Personal Health Decisions)
- Interactive Menu Planner
- My Fats Translator
- Risk Assessment Tool for Estimating Your 10-Year Risk of Having a Heart Attack

All calculators & quizzes
Build Your Question List

Are you visiting your health care clinician or pharmacist? It is important to be prepared. Create a personalized list of questions that you can take with you.

- Did your clinician give you a prescription?
- Are you scheduled to have medical tests?
- Did you recently receive a diagnosis?
- Are you considering treatment for an illness or condition?
- Did your clinician recently recommend surgery?
- Are you choosing a health plan?
- Are you choosing a clinician?
- Are you choosing a hospital?
- Are you choosing long-term care?

Check the boxes below that apply to you, and then select "Create a List." You will be able to print a custom list of questions with space for answers.

AHRQ, Build Your Question List
http://www.ahrq.gov/questionsaretheanswer/questionBuilder.aspx
Health Check Tool

How’s your social scene?
Click on all the stuff that’s true.

- You feel like you fit in.
- You get pushed around a lot.
- You feel a lot of pressure to do things you don’t want to do.
- Kids are always gossiping about you.
- You’re busy, but you still have enough time for yourself.
- You get super stressed about situations with your friends or other kids.

BAM Stress-O-Meter
http://bam.gov
Health Check Tool

SuperTracker:

- Get your personalized nutrition and physical activity plan.
- Track your foods and physical activities to see how they stack up.
- Get tips and support to help you make healthier choices and plan ahead.

Choose My Plate
http://choosemyplate.gov/SuperTracker
Videos & Cool Tools

- For kids/teens. Fun for adults too!
- Learn more about health conditions

![Games and Calculators List](image)
MedlinePlus Games

Bullying RoundUp

http://www.bam.gov/sub_yourlife/yourlife_bullyroundup_game.html
MedlinePlus Games

FriendFinder
http://onlineonguard.gov
MedlinePlus Games

Choose My Plate: Blast Off Game

A quarterly publication of the Friends of the National Library of Medicine. Get a free subscription!
In Spanish too!
Cómo mantenerse saludable

El hecho de que el almacén de tejido que determinó el tamaño de un atleta durante años disminuya a medida que el cuerpo envejece, puede parecer un factor difícil de controlar. Sin embargo, como en cualquier otra parte del cuerpo, puede ayudar a restablecer la pérdida de piel con diferentes técnicas dietéticas cognitivas.

La falta de actividad física, que va acompañada de un aumento de peso y una disminución de la función carnosa, puede estar directamente relacionada con el desarrollo de enfermedades como la diabetes tipo 2, enfermedades del corazón, cáncer de mama y colon, así como una disminución de la calidad de vida. Es importante mantener una vida activa, ya que la actividad física nos ayuda a sentirnos mejor en todos los aspectos, y a prevenir enfermedades.

Hay varias formas de mejorar la salud: hacer ejercicio regularmente, mantener una dieta saludable, dormir lo suficiente, reducir el estrés y mantener una buena hidratación.

Por ejemplo, el ejercicio regular puede ayudar a mejorar la salud cardiovascular, prevenir enfermedades del corazón y disminuir el riesgo de enfermedades crónicas. La alimentación saludable puede ayudar a prevenir enfermedades como la diabetes tipo 2, enfermedades del corazón, cáncer de mama y colon, y mejorar el bienestar general.

En resumen, es importante mantener una vida activa, hacer ejercicio regularmente, mantener una dieta saludable, dormir lo suficiente, reducir el estrés y mantener una buena hidratación. Estas son solo algunas de las formas en que podemos mejorar nuestra salud y mantenernos saludables con el tiempo.
Latest Health News

Health news from HealthDay and Reuters Health Information, plus recent press announcements from major medical organizations.

Get the latest health news by email

Friday, January 11
Winter Sports Safety (HealthDay)
Related MedlinePlus Topics: Sports Fitness, Sports Safety

Thursday, January 10
Blood Disorder Cases Tied to Prescription Painkiller Abuse (HealthDay)
Addicts crushed, dissolved and injected Opana ER pills, CDC says
Related MedlinePlus Topics: Pain Relievers, Platelet Disorders, Prescription Drug Abuse

FDA: Lower Ambien’s Dose to Prevent Drowsy Driving (HealthDay)
Blood levels from nighttime dose remain too high the next morning, agency says
Related MedlinePlus Topics: Drug Safety, Insomnia

Fewer U.S. Patients Getting Weight Counseling from Doctors (HealthDay)
Study finds primary care visits now less likely to include such advice, despite rise in obesity rates
Related MedlinePlus Topics: Obesity, Talking With Your Doctor

Health Tip: Is Organic Better? (HealthDay)
No pesticides or chemicals are used
Related MedlinePlus Topic: Nutrition

Health Tip: You May Have Seasonal Affective Disorder (HealthDay)
If winter is getting you down
Related MedlinePlus Topic: Seasonal Affective Disorder
You may want to drop that diet soda; new research suggests it could be a downer.

A brand new study makes a connection between sweetened drinks—especially diet beverages—and depression.

The data comes from a large study done by the National Institutes of Health. Nearly 264,000 adults 50 years and older participated. Consumption of a variety of drinks including soda, fruit punch, tea and coffee was tracked from 1996 to 1998.

Some 10 years later, researchers asked the participants whether they had been diagnosed with depression since the year 2000. A total of 11,311 had been. Those who drank more than four sodas a day were 30 percent more likely to develop depression than those who drank no soda. Four cans of fruit punch a day tripled that number to 98%.
Active Video Games May Boost Fitness in Younger Students

Study of inner-city school found traditional gym class more effective for older kids

By Robert Preidt
Wednesday, January 9, 2013

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 9 (HealthDay News) -- Active video games -- such as those that get players to dance -- can encourage inner-city children to be physically active and may reduce their risk of obesity, according to new research.

The study included 104 children in grades three through eight at a Washington, D.C., public school. They were randomly assigned to three 20-minute sessions of their usual gym class or the active video games "Dance Dance Revolution" and "Winds of Orbis: An Active Adventure."

In Dance Dance Revolution, players dance along to music in ever-increasing and complicated patterns. In Winds of Orbis, players take on the role of a virtual superhero who climbs, jumps, slides and goes through other types of active adventures.

Overall, children burned the most energy during regular gym class. But the active video games got children in third, fourth and fifth grades moving enough to achieve recommended levels of vigorous activity, according to the researchers at the George Washington University School of Public Health and Health Services.

They said their findings, published online Jan. 3 in the journal Games for Health, suggest that active video games might be an effective alternative to traditional gym classes, at least for younger students.

"A lot of people say screen time is a big factor in the rising tide of childhood obesity," study lead author Todd Miller, an associate professor in the department of exercise science, said in a university news release. "But if a kid hates playing dodgeball but loves Dance Dance Revolution, why not let him work up a sweat playing [video] games?" 

The researchers noted that several hundred schools in at least 10 states use active video games in physical education classes in an effort to encourage inactive children, especially those who don't like gym class, to get physically active.

This study was the first to focus on active gaming and black and other minority children, who are at high risk of obesity, the researchers noted.

"Many of these children live in neighborhoods without safe places to play or ride a bike after school," Miller said. "If [video] games can get them to move in school then maybe they'll play at home too and that change could boost their physical activity to a healthier level."

SOURCE: George Washington University, news release, Jan. 9, 2013

HealthDay
Hey there! medlineplus4you is using Twitter.

Twitter is a free service that lets you keep in touch with people through the exchange of quick, frequent answers to one simple question: What are you doing? Join today to start receiving medlineplus4you’s tweets.

Let 'em sleep in, researchers say. Extra sleep on weekend may help kids fight fat & avoid obesity http://bit.ly/iEati

12 minutes ago from TweetDeck.

@joshlevscnn MedlinePlus also offers the #H1N1 topic page en español for Spanish-speakers http://bit.ly/2jZ0K0

about 3 hours ago from web in reply to joshlevscnn

@joshlevscnn #H1N1 was the #1 search on MedlinePlus.gov yesterday. Check out our H1N1 topic page http://bit.ly/gYtz6

about 3 hours ago from web in reply to joshlevscnn

#H1N1 was the #1 search on MedlinePlus yesterday. Visit our H1N1 (swine) flu page 4 the latest info http://bit.ly/gYtz6

about 4 hours ago from TweetDeck.

Having a 'healthy home' w/ fewer fatty foods & TVs may help you...
Health insurance helps protect you from high medical care costs. It is a contract between you and your insurance company. You buy a plan or policy, and the company agrees to pay part of your expenses when you need medical care.

Many people in the United States get a health insurance policy through their employers. In most cases, the employer helps pay for that insurance. Insurance through employers is often with a managed care plan. These plans contract with health care providers and medical facilities to provide care for members at reduced costs. You can also purchase health insurance on your own.

Results for health insurance

1. **Health Insurance** (National Library of Medicine)
   Health insurance helps protect you from high medical care costs. It is a contract between you and your ... Many people in the United States get a health insurance policy through their employers. In most cases, the ... www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/healthinsurance.html - Health Topics

2. **Managed Care** (National Library of Medicine)
   Managed care plans are health insurance plans that contract with health care providers and medical facilities to provide care for members at reduced costs. These providers ... www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/managedcare.html - Health Topics

3. **Medicaid** (National Library of Medicine)
   Medicaid is government health insurance that helps many low-income people in the United States to pay their medical bills. The Federal government sets ... www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/medicaid.html - Health Topics

4. **Medicare** (National Library of Medicine)
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