Describing Data Repositories

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DESCRIBING DATA REPOSITORIES

At The University Of Connecticut Libraries

With the rise of eScience, subject liaisons must become familiar with disciplinary data repositories to better serve their clientele. Research data can often be deposited in one or more repositories. For researchers who are not well informed or work in fields that have yet to develop a data repository existing lists such as DataBib, Registry of Research Data Repositories or OpenDOAR provide a combined list of up to 2000 data repositories but little information about each one. At the University of Connecticut Libraries, to support our subject liaisons and our clientele, we created the “Describe Your Data Repository Survey”.

The survey was designed to retrieve as much information as possible about data repositories. As a result, not all may be applicable.

Section 1: Broad Information
This section asks to provide a general description of the data repository: name, url, subjects covered, governing body, associated fees, policies, licenses.

Section 2: Access To Data
This section asks to provide information about searching (basic/advanced), restrictions on accessing data, data citation.

Section 3: Depositing Data
This section asks to provide information about the submission process (acceptable formats, embargo, policies, restrictions, etc.)

Section 4: Managing Data
This section asks to provide information about how the submitting interacts with the data after deposit.

Section 5: Metadata and/or Additional Documentation
This section asks to provide information about standards and/or vocabularies used to describe data.

Section 6: Other Comments

Distribution
It was important to get investment from our subject librarians for this survey. We faced several challenges:

• The survey was long consisting of 5 major sections that asked for descriptions and detailed information.
• Not all the information was applicable. Each data repository came to be seen as unique.
• Familiarity with data repositories and issues related to eScience varied among subject librarians.
• Subject librarian’s hesitation to filling out the survey because of the time required to complete it (approximately 2 hours per data repository).

To respond to these challenges, we took the following initiatives:

• Added the task of filling out the survey to the list of annual goals
• Provided hands-on workshops
• Sent out multiple announcements and spoke at subject liaison meetings

Observations

NOT all data repositories are equal!

• Problem of Open vs. Closed data repositories
• Problem of lack of information
• Problem of limited functionality and difficult user interfaces

NOT all disciplines have a data repository.

• Absence of standards, norms and guidelines for the discipline

NOT all data sets are alike.

• The case of the digital humanities

Some repositories cover too many disciplines.

• ICPSR

Next Steps
Continue to solicit input from subject libraries.

Make the results accessible.

• Create records in our catalog that can be also accessed through our discovery layer.

Integrate results in our eScience workshops to subject liaisons & our clientele.

Advertise these results on our data management LibGuide.

Track usage of our results through Google Analytics and url tracking.

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